Attachment B

Recommended Conditions of Consent

GENERAL CONDITIONS

(1) APPROVED DEVELOPMENT

(a) Development must be in accordance with Development Application No. D/2024/273 dated 12/04/2024 and the following drawings prepared by DKO:

Drawing Number	Drawing Name	Date	
DA103 Rev A	Demolition Plan	02/02/2024	
DA104 Rev B	Site Plan	24/09/2024	
DA200 Rev B	Ground Floor Plan	24/09/2024	
DA201 Rev B	Level 1 Plan	24/09/2024	
DA202 Rev B	Level 2-5 Plan	24/09/2024	
DA203 Rev B	Level 6 Plan	24/09/2024	
DA204 Rev B	Level 7 Plan	24/09/2024	
DA205 Rev B	Level 8 Plan	24/09/2024	
DA206 Rev B	Level 9 Plan	24/09/2024	
DA207 Rev B	Level 10 Plan	24/09/2024	
DA208 Rev B	Roof Plan	24/09/2024	
DA300 Rev B	Elevations – Sheet 1	24/09/2024	
DA301 Rev B	Elevations – Sheet 2	24/09/2024	
DA302 Rev B	Elevations – Sheet 3	24/09/2024	
DA303 Rev B	Elevations – Sheet 4	24/09/2024	
DA304 Rev A	Section	02/02/2024	
DA305 Rev B	Section	24/09/2024	
DA422 Rev A	Adaptable Units	02/02/2024	
DA423 Rev A	Adaptable Unit Layouts	02/02/2024	
DA424 Rev A	Adaptable Unit Layouts	02/02/2024	
DA425 Rev A	Adaptable Unit Layouts	02/02/2024	
DA426 Rev A	Adaptable Unit Layouts	02/02/2024	

and as amended by the conditions of this consent.

(b) In the event of any inconsistency between the approved plans and supplementary documentation, the drawings will prevail.

Reason

To ensure all parties are aware of the approved plans and supporting documentation that applies to the development.

(2) SUN SHADING

Additional internal blockout blinds are required to north and west facing living room windows in accordance with Objective 4A3 of the Apartment Design Guide.

Reason

To ensure appropriate sun shading to north facing windows.

(3) BEDROOM DAYLIGHT

At a minimum, the following list of apartments bedrooms must have a full height sliding door set consisting of one fixed and one sliding door the inboard balcony in order to gain additional daylight across the depth of the balcony.

104 (2nd bdrm), 107 (2nd bdrm), 108 (2nd bdrm), 110 (2nd bdrm),

204 (Main bdrm), 205 (Main bdrm), 206 (2nd bdrm), 209 (Main bdrm), 210 (Main bdrm), 212 (2nd bdrm)

304 (Main bdrm), 305 (Main bdrm), 306 (2nd bdrm), 309 (Main bdrm), 310 (Main bdrm), 312 (2nd bdrm)

404 (Main bdrm), 405 (Main bdrm), 406 (2nd bdrm), 409 (Main bdrm), 410 (Main bdrm), 412 (2nd bdrm)

504 (Main bdrm), 505 (Main bdrm), 506 (2nd bdrm), 509 (Main bdrm), 510 (Main bdrm), 512 (2nd bdrm)

604 (2nd bdrm), 605 (Main bdrm), 606 (2nd bdrm), 608 (2nd bdrm), 609 (2nd bdrm), 610 (2nd bdrm), 611 (Main bdrm)

704 (Main bdrm), 705 (Main bdrm), 706 (2nd bdrm), 708 (Main), 509 (Main bdrm), 710 (Main bdrm), 711 (Main bdrm)

804 (Main bdrm), 805 (Main bdrm), 806 (2nd bdrm)

904 (Main bdrm), 907(Main bdrm)

In addition, further bedrooms can replace the window to an inboard balcony shown on the plans, with the same sliding door set at the owners discretion.

Reason

To improve daylight penetration to bedrooms setback from the façade across inboard balconies.

(4) COMPLIANCE WITH VOLUNTARY PLANNING AGREEMENT

The terms of the planning agreement between The Council of the City of Sydney and SGCH Portfolio Limited dated 26 February 2020 are to be complied with.

Reason

To ensure the development complies with all terms of the planning agreement.

(5) DEDICATION FOR ROAD WIDENING

The owner must dedicate for road purposes, the parcels of land adjoining:

- (a) the western alignment of Botany Road and
- (b) the northern boundary of the site,

as detailed in the Voluntary Planning Agreement for the site. The widening is to be detailed in a plan of subdivision of the land. This plan is to be registered at NSW Land Registry Services prior to any Occupation Certificate being issued. The area to be dedicated must be shown as a separate lot or lots and numbered as such.

Reason

To ensure road widening is dedicated for road purposes.

(6) BOTANY ROAD STREET TREES

The owner must work with the City of Sydney to determine the positioning and potential installation of streets trees along the Botany Road frontage to the satisfaction of the Executive Director City Planning Development & Transport prior to the issuing of the any construction certificate. This may ultimately entail the undergrounding of overhead power lines, the cost of which will not be required of the owner.

(7) COMPLIANCE WITH SUBMITTED MATERIALS AND SAMPLES BOARD

The design details of the proposed building facade including all external finishes, colours and glazing must be in accordance with the materials schedule on the DA drawings and sample board.

Reason

To ensure all parties are aware of the approved materials and finishes that apply to the development.

(8) **BUILDING HEIGHT**

- (a) The height of the building must not exceed RL 50.80 (AHD) to the top of the building and RL 49.20 (AHD) to the parapet of the building.
- (b) Prior to an Occupation Certificate being issued, a Registered Surveyor must provide certification that the height of the building accords with (a) above, to the satisfaction of the Principal Certifier.

To ensure the constructed development complies with the approved height.

(9) FLOOR SPACE RATIO

The following applies to Floor Space Ratio:

(a) The Floor Space Ratio for the business use must not exceed 4.09:1 calculated in accordance with Sydney Local Environmental Plan 2012. For the purposes of the calculation of FSR, the total Gross Floor Area is 9,198sqm.

Reason

To ensure the constructed development complies with the approved floor space ratio.

(10) USE - SEPARATE DA REQUIRED

No consent is granted or implied for the fitout or specific use of the ground floor retail/commercial tenancy.

A development consent or Complying Development Certificate (as appropriate) is required to be obtained for the fitout and use of the ground floor retail/commercial tenancy prior to that fitout or use commencing.

Reason

To require separate consent to be obtained for a use.

(11) ALLOCATION OF ACCESSIBLE CAR PARKING SPACES

For residential development, accessible car parking spaces for people with mobility impairment are only to be allocated to adaptable units.

Reason

To ensure accessible vehicle parking spaces are allocated to adaptable units.

(12) SIGNS AT EGRESS

The following signs must be provided and maintained within the site at the point of vehicle egress:

- (a) Compelling drivers to stop before proceeding onto the public way.
- (b) Compelling drivers to "Give Way to Pedestrians and Bicycles" before crossing a footway on an existing or identified shared path route.

Reason

To ensure the safety of surrounding pedestrians and cyclists.

(13) SECURITY GATES

Where a car park is accessed by a security gate, that gate must be located at least 6 metres within the site from the street front property boundary.

Reason

To ensure the public domain is kept free from physical obstructions.

(14) SERVICE VEHICLE SIZE LIMIT

The size of vehicles servicing the property must be a maximum length of 9.9m.

Reason

To maintain the orderly operation of vehicle parking and loading areas.

(15) ASSOCIATED ROADWAY COSTS

All costs associated with the construction of any new road works including kerb and gutter, road pavement, drainage system and footway shall be borne by the developer. The new road works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the City's "Sydney Streets Technical Specification" including amendments and "Sydney Streets Design Code".

Reason

To ensure all roadway works are designed and constructed in accordance with Council requirements.

(16) COST OF SIGNPOSTING

All costs associated with signposting for any kerbside parking restrictions and traffic management measures associated with the development shall be borne by the developer.

Reason

To ensure all associated roadway works costs are borne by the developer.

(17) CHANGES TO KERB SIDE PARKING RESTRICTIONS

A separate submission must be made to the Local Pedestrian, Cycling and Traffic Calming Committee via the City Infrastructure and Traffic Operations Unit seeking the City's approval for any changes to kerb side parking arrangements. There is no guarantee kerb side parking will be changed, or that any change will remain in place for the duration of the development use.

The submission must include two plans. One showing the existing kerb side parking restriction signs and stems, the second showing the proposed kerb side parking restriction signs and stems. Both plans must include chainages to all signs and stems from the kerb line of the nearest intersection.

All costs associated with the parking proposal will be borne by the developer.

Note: As parking in the LGA is at a premium, it is recommended that the applicant should approach the Area Traffic Engineer to discuss the proposal before making a submission.

Reason

To require separate consent to be obtained for changes to kerb side parking arrangements.

(18) SWINGING DOORS OVER PUBLIC WAY

Any access doors to enclosures housing building services and facilities, such as hydrant and sprinkler booster assemblies or the like, must not open over the footway/roadway.

Reason

To ensure no element of the development obstructs the use of the public way.

(19) NO OBSTRUCTIONS

All public footways and paths of travel must be free from obstructions. If services are required to be relocated to clear paths of travel then this must be undertaken at the developer's expense. All obstructions are to be removed prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate.

Reason

To ensure there are no obstructions on public footways and paths of travel.

(20) SIGNS - SEPARATE DA REQUIRED

A separate development application for any proposed signs additional to those approved as part of this consent (other than exempt or complying signs) must be submitted to and approved by Council prior to the erection or display of any such signs.

Reason

To require separate consent to be obtained for any additional signs.

(21) WASTE ROOM ALLOCATION

The 'resi waste room' and 'bulky waste room' on ground floor level are to be swapped, so that the residential bin store remains adjacent to the site entrance and the bulky waste room is at the rear of the site. The room sizes must stay the same.

Reason

To ensure the most efficient waste collection layout.

(22) WASTE AND RECYCLING MANAGEMENT - GENERAL

The proposal must comply with the relevant provisions of the Sydney Development Control Plan 2012 and Council's *Guidelines for Waste Management in New Developments 2018* which requires facilities to promote the efficient storage, separation, collection and handling of waste to maximise resources recovery.

Reason

To ensure that waste and recycling is appropriately managed throughout all phases of the development.

(23) TREES THAT MUST BE RETAINED

The existing trees detailed in Table 1 below be retained and protected in accordance with the conditions throughout construction and development.

Table 1 – Tree Retention:

Approval is NOT granted for the removal of the following trees, which Council has determined to be prominent landscape elements.

Tree No	Species:	Location
1 to 10	<i>Elaeocarpus</i> <i>eumundii</i> (Eumundi quandong)	Ashmore Connector (Street trees)
11 to 16	Fraxinus pennsylvanica (Green Ash)	
17	Lophostemon confertus (Brush Box)	Botany Road (Street trees)

Reason

To identify the trees that cannot be removed, must be retained and protected.

(24) TREE PLANTING CONSIDERATIONS

The design should include the use of continuous trenches for tree pits and the installation of all services to be underground.

Special consideration must be given to soil depth and quality for tree planting. The City considers the following soil volume requirements must be included in the design for successful long-term tree establishment:

- (a) Large Trees (canopy diameter of up to 16 metres at maturity) require a minimum soil volume of 150 cubic metres, minimum soil depth of 1.5 metres and minimum soil area 10 metres x 10 metres.
- (b) Medium Trees (canopy diameter of up to 8 metres at maturity) require a minimum soil volume of 35 cubic metres, minimum soil depth of 1.2 metre and minimum soil area 6 metres x 6 metres.

(c) Small Trees (canopy diameter of up to 4 metres at maturity) require a minimum soil volume of 9 cubic metres, minimum soil depth of 1.2 metre and minimum soil area 4 metres x 4 metres.

Reason

To ensure the development is appropriately designed to accommodate adequate tree planting.

(25) LAND SUBDIVISION

Any proposal for land subdivision including any stratum subdivision of the building to separate the commercial component from the residential component will require a separate application to Council to obtain a Subdivision Certificate under Section 6.15 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*.

Reason

To ensure consent is sought for land subdivision.

(26) PROJECTIONS OVER FOOTWAYS

The architectural embellishments attached to the building, shown as overhanging the alignment of Botany Road (as widened, and it's adjoining splayed corner), must comply with either the provisions of Schedule 4 ("Projections over or into public roads") or Section 3.2.4 ("Footpath Awnings") of the Sydney Development Control Plan 2012.

Reason

To ensure any projections over the public way are appropriately managed.

(27) PUBLIC ART

Public art must be installed to the City's satisfaction prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate.

- (a) The Detailed Public Art Plan by DKO dated March 2024 Public Art Strategy 338 Botany Road Alexandria PAN-425298 is not supported.
- (b) A Detailed Public Art Plan must be submitted to and approved by Council's Area Planning Manager prior to issue of any Construction Certificate for above ground works.
- (c) The Detailed Public Art Plan must be in accordance with be in accordance with the Sydney DCP 2012, the Public Art Policy, the Interim Guidelines: Public art in private developments and include:
 - (i) The process and rationale for selecting the artist
 - (ii) Rationale for the proposed locations;
 - (iii) The budget for the artwork including artists fees and all associated costs with the artwork.

(d) Public art must be installed to the City's satisfaction, inspected and approved and the Final Public Art Report submitted and approved by Council's Area Planning Manager prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate.

Note: Public Art plans must be reviewed and endorsed by the City's Public Art Team and/or the Public Art Advisory Panel prior to submission for Council approval. Further information is available online at <u>http://www.cityofsydney.nsw.gov.au/explore/arts-and-culture/public-art</u> Please contact the Public Art Team at <u>publicartreferrals@cityofsydney.nsw.gov.au</u> for further information.

Reason

To ensure public art is installed to the City's satisfaction.

BUILDING WORK

BEFORE ISSUE OF A CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE

(28) COMPLIANCE WITH THE ACOUSTIC REPORT PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION AND OR OCCUPATION CERTIFICATES

- (a) All relevant performance parameters (including but not limited to requirements, engineering assumptions and recommendations) in the DA Acoustic Report prepared by E-LAB Consulting, dated 20 September 2024, ref P00688 and revision number 002, titled 338 Botany Road, Alexandria Noise, Vibration & Natural Ventilation Impact Assessment, Council Ref 2024/55396 must be implemented in the development prior to the commencement of its use.
- (b) Prior to the issue of any relevant Construction Certificate, the final construction drawings and final construction methodology must be assessed and reported to be in accordance with the requirements of the DA Acoustic Report in (a) above, with reference to relevant documentation. This must be done by a Suitably Qualified Acoustic Consultant* (see definition below). This work will be to the satisfaction of the Registered Certifier.
- (c) Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, a Suitably Qualified Acoustic Consultant* is to provide a written Acoustic Verification Report to the satisfaction of the Principal Certifier that the development complies with the requirements set out in the Report and in (a) and (b) above.

Note: Suitably Qualified Acoustic Consultant means a consultant who possesses the qualifications to join the Australian Acoustical Society, Institution of Engineers Australia (grade of member) or the Association of Australasian Acoustical Consultants (grade of member firm).

(d) All physical aspects of the building's structure installed in order to meet performance parameters in accordance with this condition must be maintained at all times.

To ensure all parties are aware of the supporting documentation that applies to the development.

(29) DEMOLITION, EXCAVATION AND CONSTRUCTION NOISE AND VIBRATION MANAGEMENT PLAN

A site-specific noise management plan must be submitted to the Council for comment and approval prior to issue of any Construction Certificate. The Plan must be prepared by a suitably qualified acoustic consultant who is a person who possesses the qualifications to join the Australian Acoustic Society, Institution of Engineers Australia (grade of member) or the Association of Australasian Acoustic Consultants (grade of member firm). The plan must include but not be limited to the following:

- (a) Identification of noise sensitive receivers near to the site.
- (b) A prediction as to the level of noise impact likely to affect the nearest noise sensitive receivers from the use and proposed number of high noise intrusive appliances intended to be operated onsite. A statement should also be submitted outlining whether or not predicted noise levels will comply with the noise criteria stated within the City of Sydney Construction Hours /Noise Code of Practice 1992 for the typical construction hours of 07.00am to 7.00pm. Where resultant site noise levels are likely to be in exceedance of this noise criteria then a suitable proposal must be given as to the duration and frequency of respite periods that will be afforded to the occupiers of neighbouring property.(c) representative background noise Α measurement (LA90, 15 minute) should be submitted, assessed in the vicinity of any potentially affected receiver locations and measured in accordance with AS 1055:1.2.1997.(d) Confirmation of the level of community consultation that has/is and will be undertaken with Building Managers/ occupiers of the main adjoining noise sensitive properties likely to be most affected by site works and the operation of plant/machinery particularly during the demolition and excavation phases.(e) Confirmation of noise monitoring methodology that is to be undertaken during the main stages of work at neighbouring noise sensitive properties in order to keep complaints to a minimum and to ensure that noise from site works complies with the noise criteria contained within City's Construction Noise Code.(f) What course of action will be undertaken following receipt of a complaint concerning offensive noise.(g) Details of any noise mitigation measures that have been outlined by an acoustic consultant or otherwise that will be deployed on site to reduce noise impacts on the occupiers of neighbouring noise sensitive property to a minimum.(h) What plant and equipment is to be used on site, the level of sound mitigation measures to be undertaken in each case and the criteria adopted in their selection taking into account the likely noise impacts on the occupiers of neighbouring property and other less intrusive technologies available.

Reason

To ensure an adequate construction noise and vibration management plan is prepared.

(30) PARKING DESIGN

The design, layout, signage, line marking, lighting and physical controls of all offstreet parking facilities must comply with the minimum requirements of Australian Standard AS/NZS 2890.1 Parking facilities Part 1: Off-street car parking, AS/NZS 2890.2 Parking facilities Part 2: Off-commercial vehicle facilities and AS/NZS 2890.6 Parking facilities Part 6: Off-street parking for people with disabilities. The details must be submitted to and approved by the Registered Certifier prior to a Construction Certificate being issued.

Reason

To ensure parking facilities are designed in accordance with the Australian Standards.

(31) ALLOCATION OF PARKING

The number of car parking spaces to be provided for the development must comply with the table below. Details confirming the parking numbers must be submitted to the satisfaction of the Registered Certifier prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate.

Car Parking Type	Number
Residential spaces	0
Accessible residential spaces	4
Residential visitor spaces	0
Accessible residential visitor spaces	0
Motorcycle parking	1
Service vehicle spaces	1
Total	6

Reason

To ensure the allocation of parking is in accordance with the Council's DCP.

(32) BICYCLE PARKING AND END OF TRIP FACILITIES

(a) The minimum number of bicycle parking spaces and end of trip facilities to be provided within the site boundary for the development must comply with the table below.

Bicycle Parking Type	Number	Requirements
Residential	64	Spaces must be a class 1 bicycle locker or Class 2 bicycle facility
Non-residential	2	Spaces must be Class 2 bicycle facilities
Visitor	4	Spaces must be Class 3 bicycle rails
End of Trip Facility Type	Number	
Showers with change area	1	
Personal lockers	2	

All bicycle parking spaces and end of trip facility must be provided on private land. The public domain cannot be used to satisfy this condition.

Notes:

- (i) Australian Standard AS 2890.3:2015 refers to class 1 as security level 'A', class 2 as security level "B', and class 3 as security level 'C'.
- (b) The layout, design and security of bicycle facilities must comply with the minimum requirements of Australian Standard AS 2890.3 Parking Facilities Part 3: Bicycle Parking Facilities. The details must be submitted to and approved by the Registered Certifier confirming prior to and form part of the Construction Certificate being issued.

Reason

To ensure the allocation of bicycle parking onsite that is in accordance with Australian Standards and the Council's DCP.

(33) CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT PLAN

- (a) A Construction Traffic Management Plan must be submitted to and approved by Council prior to a Construction Certificate being issued.
- (b) The approved plan must be complied with during any demolition and/or construction work.

Reason

To ensure that the impacts of construction traffic is appropriately managed.

(34) SITE AUDIT STATEMENT

Prior to the issue of a construction certificate associated with the built form of the development (excluding building work directly related to remediation), a Section A Site Audit Statement must be obtained from a NSW Environment Protection Authority accredited Site Auditor and submitted to the Council's Area Planning Manager at email address:-

hbapplications@cityofsydney.nsw.gov.au

The Site Audit Statement must confirm that the site has been remediated in accordance with the approved Remedial Action Plan and clearly state that site is suitable for the proposed use.

(a) In circumstances where the Site Audit Statement is subject to conditions that require ongoing review by the Auditor or Council, these must be reviewed and must be approved by the Council's Health and Building Unit in writing through the Area Planning Manager before the Site Audit Statement is issued.

- (b) In circumstances where the Site Audit Statement conditions (if applicable) are not consistent with the consent, the development must not proceed until the inconsistency has been resolved to the satisfaction of Council (such as via a S4.55 modification of the consent pursuant to the provisions of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979*).
- (c) **No Occupation Certificate is to be issued** by the Principal Certifier unless a Site Audit Statement has been submitted to and approved by Council in accordance with this condition.

To ensure that the site is appropriately remediated.

(35) LANDSCAPING OF THE SITE

- (a) The Landscape Plan prepared by Arcadia dated 26 February 2024 is not approved. A landscape design package and technical specification suitable for construction by a registered landscape architect must be submitted to and approved by Council's Area Planning Manager prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate. The plan must include:
 - (i) Location of existing and proposed planting on the site including existing and proposed trees, planting in natural ground, and planting on structure.
 - (ii) Location and details of existing and proposed structures on the site including, but not limited to, paving walls, services, furniture, shade structures, lighting and other features.
 - (iii) Details of earthworks, soil depths and volume including finished levels and any mounding. The minimum soil depths for planting on structure must be 1000mm for trees, 450mm for shrubs and 200mm for groundcovers, excluding mulch and drainage layers.
 - (iv) Planting details, and location, numbers, type and supply of plant species, with reference to the relevant Australian Standard and preference for drought resistant species that contribute to habitat creation and biodiversity.
 - (v) The design must provide a minimum 15% canopy cover across the site. This must be provided by 30% of the species having a mature height of 6-8 metres, 30% mature heights of 10-15 metres and 40% mature heights of 20-30 metres.
 - (vi) Soil volume for tree plantings must be in accordance with the Sydney Landscape Code Volume 2.
 - (vii) New trees must be appropriately located away from existing buildings and structures to allow maturity to be achieved without restriction.
 - (viii) Details of drainage, waterproofing and watering systems.

- (b) Landscape maintenance plan. This plan is to be complied with during occupation of the property. Relevant drawings cross referenced in the landscape package, such as architectural details, civil, stormwater and hydraulic plans etc, should be submitted with the landscape package.
- (c) All landscaping in the approved plan is to be completed prior to an Occupation Certificate being issued.

To ensure that the development is supported by a good quality, buildable landscape scheme that meets the City's controls.

(36) BASIX PLAN MARKINGS

Prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate, a final architectural plan set is to be submitted with mark-ups, annotations or other detail which clearly identifies all details required for BASIX and NatHERS modelling. Plan markings are to be in line with BASIX certificate, NatHERS Thermal Comfort Protocol and NatHERS Assessor Handbooks Section 1.2 - Documentation requirements.

Reason

To ensure the accuracy of provided modelling data.

(37) BASIX STAMPED PLAN SET

Upon finalisation of condition "BASIX Plan Markings" and prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate, the finalised set of architectural plans are to be stamped with the NatHERS stamp for the assessment. No details are to be added to the plan set in addition to the NatHERS assessors stamp. All required modelling details are to be included in the final unstamped drawing set.

Reason

To ensure the consistency of architectural plans with BASIX and NatHERS modelling.

(38) SOLAR PV CAPACITY

Prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate, architectural plans are to be updated to include clear markups and annotations around output capacity for PV systems. To maintain consistency with sustainability reporting in the development application; annotations are required to clearly identify all photovoltaic systems, totalling a minimum peak capacity in line with previously reported 58kWp.

Reason

Compliance with BASIX plan marking requirements.

(39) WATER STORAGE

Prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate, architectural plans are to be updated to include clear markups and annotations around storage capacity for water storage and reuse systems. To maintain consistency with sustainability reporting in the development application; annotations are required to clearly identify a storage capacity of at least 5000L.

Reason

Compliance with BASIX plan marking requirements.

(40) PUBLIC DOMAIN DAMAGE BOND

- (a) A Public Domain Damage Deposit calculated on the basis of 498 square metres of concrete unit paver site frontage must be lodged with Council in accordance with the City of Sydney's adopted Schedule of Fees and Charges. The bond must be provided as security for repairing any damage to the public domain in the vicinity of the site.
- (b) The City's Public Domain Unit must be contacted to determine the bond amount prior to lodgement. The Bond must be lodged with the City prior to an approval for demolition being granted or any Construction Certificate being issued, whichever is earlier.
- (c) The bond in this condition will be released in full when the Public Domain Works Security Bond is lodged with the City.

Reason

To allow for the appropriate management and rectification of damage to the public domain.

(41) PROTECTION OF STONE KERBS

- (a) The existing stone kerbs on the Green Square to Ashmore Connector Road frontage of the site are to be retained and properly protected during demolition, excavation and construction works.
- (b) To avoid damage to stone kerbs during excavation and construction works for the development, temporary removal and storage of the stone kerbs may be approved by Council. Removed, serviceable stone kerbs (i.e. those that are in good condition as agreed by Council officers) must be re-installed in accordance with the City of Sydney's standard details and specifications after the construction works have been completed. A temporary concrete kerb will need to be constructed to retain the footpath until the stone kerbs can be reinstalled.
- (c) Note the following:
 - (i) All costs associated with the works are to be borne by the developer.
 - (ii) Damaged kerbs are to be replaced to match existing to Council's satisfaction or as otherwise advised by Council officers.

- (iii) Where new vehicle crossings or temporary crossings are to be constructed to access the property, the affected kerb stones should be salvaged and reused wherever possible.
- (iv) All new driveway laybacks and kerbs are to be constructed with stone kerbs to match existing stones or as specified by City officers.
- (v) Council approval is required before kerbs are removed.
- (vi) Council approval is required prior to the cutting of existing stone kerbs for stormwater kerb outlets.
- (vii) Stone kerbs and gutters may be bonded in accordance with the City of Sydney's adopted Schedule of Fees and Charges. If so, this will be included with the Public Domain Damage Bond.

To ensure the protection of stone kerbs.

(42) SURVEY INFRASTRUCTURE – IDENTIFICATION AND RECOVERY

Under Section 24 of the Surveying and Spatial Information Act 2002, it is an offence to remove, damage, destroy, displace, obliterate or deface any survey mark unless authorised to do so by the Surveyor-General. Accordingly, the applicant must, where possible, ensure the preservation of existing survey infrastructure undisturbed and in its original state or else provide evidence of the Surveyor-General's authorisation to remove or replace marks.

Prior to the issue of any Construction Certificate, documentary evidence must be prepared by a Registered Surveyor and submitted to and approved by Council's Area Planning Manager / Coordinator. This evidence must include either:

- (a) A copy of any Surveyor-General's Approval for Survey Mark Removal granted by NSW Spatial Services for the subject site, including all documentation submitted as part of that application (for example the survey mark audit schedule, strategy plan and strategy report); or
- (b) A letter, signed by a current NSW Registered Land Surveyor and including his or her Board of Surveying and Spatial Information (BOSSI) identification number, stating that all investigations required under Surveyor-General's Direction No.11 have been made for the subject site and that no survey infrastructure will be affected by the proposal.

Council's Principal Surveyor may request further information and/or add conditions to any Surveyor-General's Approval at their discretion.

Reason

To ensure the preservation of existing survey infrastructure.

(43) PUBLIC DOMAIN LEVELS AND GRADIENTS - MAJOR

Prior to the issue of any Construction Certificate, a Public Domain Levels and Gradients submission for the building and site frontages must be submitted to and approved by the City's Public Domain Unit. The submission must be prepared in accordance with the City's *Public Domain Manual* and submitted with a completed Application for *Public Domain Levels and Gradients*. Information on how to complete the submission can be downloaded from the City's website at <u>https://www.cityofsydney.nsw.gov.au/development/public-domain-works/daassociated-works</u>.

Any requirements to comply with Disability Discrimination Act at the entrance to a building or publicly accessible space must be resolved inside the site boundary.

Note: Public Domain Levels and Gradient plans are to be included with the Public Domain Plan – Detailed Documentation for Construction condition submission.

Reason

To ensure public domain levels and gradients comply with Council's requirements.

(44) STORMWATER DRAINAGE DESIGN

Prior to issue of any Construction Certificate a detailed stormwater management plan prepared by suitable qualified and experienced professional must be submitted to and approved by the City's Public Domain Unit and must include:

- (a) Council's Sydney Streets Technical Specifications, Part A4 Drainage Design;
- (b) Council's Sydney Streets Technical Specifications, Standard Drawings;
- (c) Council's Sydney Streets Technical Specifications, Part B10: Stormwater Drainage Construction;
- (d) Council's Stormwater Drainage Manual; and
- (e) All relevant Australian Standards.

This information is available for download from the City's website at <u>https://www.cityofsydney.nsw.gov.au/development/public-domain-works/da-associated-works</u>.

Note: A Deed of Agreement (Stormwater Deed) for all proposed connections to the City's drainage system, and a Positive Covenant for all OSD systems may be required prior to issue of any Occupation Certificate.

Reason

To ensure stormwater drainage design complies with Council's requirements.

(45) STORMWATER ON-SITE DETENTION

The requirements of Sydney Water with regard to the on-site detention (OSD) of stormwater must be ascertained and complied with. Evidence of the approval must be submitted to Council prior to issue of any Construction Certificate other than demolition.

Where an OSD is not required by Sydney Water one may still be required by the City.

Reason

To ensure the requirements of Sydney Water are complied with.

(46) STORMWATER QUALITY ASSESSMENT

The development must comply with Civil Engineering Report dated 8 March 2024 approved with this development application.

Prior to issue of any Construction Certificate a design certification report prepared by a suitably qualified practitioner engineer (NPER) demonstrating compliance with approved music link targets and parameters must be submitted to and approved by the City's Public Domain Unit.

The report must include a response to all stormwater quality improvement devices structural integrity, treatment train and their treatment properties demonstrating compliance with the approved MUSIC link reports.

Reason

To ensure appropriate stormwater quality on the site.

(47) FLOOD PLANNING LEVELS

The development must be constructed to comply with the recommended flood planning levels indicated in Table 3 of the report titled Site Flood Assessment for Development Application prepared by insert WMA Water dated 31 January 2024.

Details must be submitted to the Registered Certifier prior to the issue of any Construction Certificate demonstrating that the development will comply with the recommended flood planning levels.

Reason

To ensure the development complies with the recommended flood planning levels.

(48) DILAPIDATION REPORT - PUBLIC DOMAIN

Prior to an approval for demolition and preparatory works being granted or the issue of any Construction Certificate, whichever is earlier, a photographic recording of the public domain site frontages is to be prepared as described in the Public Domain Manual and submitted for approval by Council's Public Domain Unit. The City's *Public Domain Manual* is available for download from the City's website at https://www.cityofsydney.nsw.gov.au/

The submission is to include written confirmation, issued with the authority of both the applicant and the photographer that the City of Sydney is granted a perpetual non-exclusive license to make use of the copyright in all images supplied, including the right to make copies available to third parties as though they were Council images. The signatures of both the applicant and the photographer must be included.

Reason

To establish and document the condition of the public domain for comparison as building work progresses and is completed.

(49) TEMPORARY DEWATERING DURING CONSTRUCTION

Prior to discharging any water collected during excavation and construction into the City's stormwater drainage system, approval must be sought from the City's Public Domain Unit. A dewatering management plan must be submitted with an *Application for Temporary Dewatering* available to download on the City's website.

Other options for dewatering include disposal to sewer with prior approval from Sydney Water, or off-site disposal by a liquid waste transporter for treatment/disposal to an appropriate waste treatment/processing facility.

Reason

To ensure dewatering is managed appropriately.

(50) WASTE AND RECYCLING MANAGEMENT - RESIDENTIAL

The Operational Waste Management Plan accompanying this Development Application has not been approved by this consent. An Operational Waste Management Plan is to be submitted to and reviewed by Council's City Cleansing & Resource Recovery Unit and approved by Council's Area Planning Manager prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate. The plan must comply with Council's Development Control Plan and Guidelines for Waste Management in New Developments. The plan must address:

- (a) the transfer and management of 240L bins including procedure for decanting into 1,100L bins
- (b) inclusion of updated architectural drawings
- (c) inclusion of updated Council waste collection vehicle specifications

Reason

To document agreed waste management facilities and arrangements and ensure good waste management outcomes.

(51) WASTE INFRASTRUCTURE - RESIDENTIAL

Prior to a **Construction Certificate** being issued, detailed plans, and specifications for the construction of waste management facilities must be submitted for review by Council's City Cleansing & Resource Recovery Unit and approved by Council's Area Planning Manager. The waste management facilities to be provided responsive to Council's controls, policies, and guidelines, including but not limited to:

- (a) Waste and recycling stream(s) storage area(s) to be designed and constructed in accordance with Reference D of Council's Guidelines for Waste Management in New Developments. Floors to be waterproofed across all intersections that extend a minimum 1200mm high on the walls.
- (b) Waste chute system to be designed in accordance with Section B and Reference E of the City of Sydney Guidelines for Waste Management in New Developments.
- (c) Proposed linear track system configuration, wholly enclosed within the chute discharge room (including supporting elevations).
- (d) Integrated on-site waste collection and loading infrastructure to accommodate Councils standard 9.9m waste collection vehicle.

Reason

To allow for the safe and hygienic storage of waste and recycling and support provision of a safe and efficient waste collection service.

(52) ADAPTABLE HOUSING

Prior to a Construction Certificate being issued, information from an appropriately qualified access consultant is to be submitted to the Registered Certifier:

- (a) Confirming that the required number of residential units are able to be adapted for people with a disability in accordance with the *Building Code of Australia*.
- (b) Demonstrating (in a checklist) compliance with Australian Standard AS4299.

Reason

To ensure the provision of adaptable housing.

(53) FLOOR TO CEILING HEIGHT

Prior to a Construction Certificate being issued, the Registered Certifier must ensure that all living rooms and bedrooms in sole occupancy units must have a minimum finished floor to ceiling height of not less than 2.7 metres.

Reason

To ensure an adequate minimum floor to ceiling height to provide an acceptable level of amenity.

(54) REDUCTION OF NOISE FROM EXTERNAL SOURCES (RESIDENTIAL AND SERVICED APARTMENTS)

- (a) Prior to a Construction Certificate being issued, an acoustic assessment report prepared by a suitably qualified acoustic consultant must be submitted to and approved by the Registered Certifier demonstrating compliance with the requirements of the Sydney DCP 2012 in relation to acoustic privacy. The approved drawings and specifications for construction are to be in accordance with the requirements of the DCP.
- (b) In the preparation of the report:
 - The environmental noise monitoring at the site of the proposed development must be undertaken for not less than 3 week days, or not less than 2 weeks where the site is affected by noise from part-time operations;
 - (ii) The repeatable maximum LAeq (1 hour) for the daytime period (0700-2200 hours) and for the night time period (2200-0700 hours) is to be identified, and
 - (iii) The LAeq (1 hour) noise levels within living rooms and bedrooms with windows and doors both open and closed must be shown.
- (c) Prior to any Occupation Certificate being issued, a Compliance Certificate from a qualified, practising acoustic engineer must be submitted to the satisfaction of the Principal Certifier, certifying compliance with the condition.

Reason

To ensure an appropriate level of acoustic amenity inside apartments.

(55) UTILITY SERVICES

To ensure that utility authorities are advised of the development:

- (a) Prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate a survey is to be carried out of all utility services within and adjacent to the site including relevant information from utility authorities and excavation if necessary, to determine the position and level of services.
- (b) Prior to the commencement of work the applicant is to obtain written approval from the utility authorities (e.g. Energy Australia, Sydney Water, and Telecommunications Carriers) in connection with the relocation and/or adjustment of the services affected by the construction of the underground structure. Any costs in the relocation, adjustment or support of services are to be the responsibility of the developer.

Reason

To ensure that utility authorities are advised of the development and their approval is obtained in connection with the relocation and/or adjustment of services affected by the development.

BEFORE BUILDING WORK COMMENCES

(56) ROAD OPENING APPLICATION

A separate road opening application under Sections 138/139 of the *Roads Act 1993* must be submitted to and approved by Council prior to the commencement of any:

- (a) Excavation in or disturbance of a public way, or
- (b) Excavation on land that, if shoring were not provided, may disturb the surface of a public road (including footpath).

Reason

To ensure that approval under the Roads Act is obtained.

(57) HAZARDOUS MATERIALS SURVEY REQUIRED

A Hazardous Materials Survey Report must be prepared by a certified Occupational Hygienist (*Australia Institute of Occupational Hygienists*) and submitted to the satisfaction of Council's Area Coordinator Planning Assessments / Area Planning Manager prior to any demolition / refurbishment work commencing at the site. The report must identify and record the type, location and extent of any hazardous materials on the site and make recommendations as to their safe management and/or removal to ensure the site is made safe for demolition, construction and future use/occupation.

Reason

To ensure that hazardous materials on the site are identified and appropriately managed.

(58) DECOMMISSIONING OF UNDERGROUND PETROLEUM STORAGE TANKS

The removal of underground petroleum storage tanks must be undertaken in accordance with Safework NSW requirements which includes writing to the Chief Inspector of Dangerous Goods and complying with any conditions imposed and all relevant NSW Environmental Protection Authority/Office of the Environment and Heritage Guidelines and Australian Standards including following;

NSW EPA Technical Note: *Decommissioning, Abandonment and Removal of UPSS* (January 2010),

NSW EPA Technical Note: Investigation of Service Station Sites (April 2014),

AS 1940 – 2004: Storage and handling of flammable and combustible liquids,

AS 4976 – 2008: The removal and disposal of underground petroleum storage tanks.

A site contamination assessment must be conducted in accordance with the *Guidelines for Consultants Reporting on Contaminated Sites* (NSW Office of the Environment and Heritage 2011) and the *Sampling Design Guidelines* (*NSW Environmental Protection Authority September 1995*) to determine whether petroleum has contaminated soil and groundwater in the vicinity of the storage system and whether remediation is required to ensure the land remains suitable for the continued approved land use.

Subsequent remediation of the site must be undertaken in accordance with the *Managing Land Contamination – Planning Guidelines (Department of Urban Affairs and Planning 1998) and the State Environmental Planning Policy (Resilience and Hazards 2021)* including notification to Council's Area Planning Manager at the start and completion of land remediation.

The removal or in-situ decommissioning of the underground petroleum storage system and any subsequent contamination assessment, preparation of a remediation strategy and final decommissioning reporting must be carried out by a duly qualified person, who has competencies and experience in relation to this area of work that are recognised as appropriate by the relevant industry and the NSW Environmental Protection Authority.

Reason

To ensure the removal of underground petroleum storage tanks is appropriately managed.

(59) TREE PROTECTION BEFORE AND DURING CONSTRUCTION

All trees that will be affected by the development within the property and on any adjoining land, must be protected in accordance with the Australian Standard 4970 Protection of Trees on Development Sites and as follows:

- (a) Stockpiling, storage or mixing of materials, washing of equipment, vehicle parking, disposal of liquids, machinery repairs and refuelling, disposal of building materials such as cement slurry, siting of offices or sheds and the lighting of fires, must not occur within three metres of the trunk of any tree to be retained (including trees within adjoining properties).
- (b) Excavation must not occur within three metres of the trunk of any tree (including trees within adjoining properties). If excavation is proposed within this zone, Council's Tree Management Officer must be contacted immediately, and the excavation must be carried out in accordance with Council's direction.
- (c) Excavations where they are within four metres of any tree (including trees in adjoining properties) must be undertaken using non-destructive methods (such as by hand) to ensure no tree roots greater than 40mm diameter are damaged, pruned or removed.
- (d) Footings must be relocated / realigned if any tree root greater than 40mm in diameter is encountered during excavations. A minimum of 150mm clearance must be provided between the tree root and footing.

- (e) Tree trunk and major branch protection must be undertaken prior to the commencement of any works. The protection must be by a qualified Arborist with a minimum AQF Level 3 qualification in arboriculture and must include:
 - (i) Tree trunk/s and/or major branches must be protected by wrapped thick carpet underlay or similar padding material to limit damage;
 - (ii) Timber planks (50mm x 100mm must be placed around tree trunk/s. The timber planks must be spaced at 100mm intervals, and must be fixed against the trunk with tie wire, or strapping. The hessian and timber planks must not be fixed to the tree in any instance, or in any fashion;
 - (iii) Tree trunk and major branch protection is to remain in place for the duration of construction and development works, and must be removed at the completion of the project.
- (f) The protection must be certified by an arborist with a minimum AQF Level 5 qualification in arboriculture.
- (g) The consent from Council's Tree Management Officer must be obtained prior to the undertaking of any tree pruning works, including tree roots greater than 40mm in diameter. Only minor pruning works will be approved by Council.

To ensure the protection and ongoing health of trees.

(60) PUBLIC DOMAIN WORK – CONSTRUCTION APPROVAL UNDER SECTION 138 ROADS ACT 1993

Prior to the construction of any public domain works, approval under Section 138 / 139 of the Roads Act 1993 must be issued by the City's Public Domain Unit.

Reason

To ensure relevant approvals for public domain work are obtained.

(61) DEMOLITION, EXCAVATION AND CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT

- (a) Prior to the commencement of demolition and/or excavation work the following details must be submitted to and be approved by the Principal Certifier:
 - (i) Plans and elevations showing distances of the subject building from the location of adjoining and common/party walls, and (where applicable) the proposed method of facade retention.
 - A Demolition Work Method Statement prepared by a licensed demolisher who is registered with the Work Cover Authority. (The demolition by induced collapse, the use of explosives or on-site burning is not permitted.)

- (iii) An Excavation Work Method Statement prepared by an appropriately qualified person.
- (iv) A Waste and Recycling Management Plan Demolition and Construction for the demolition and or excavation of the proposed development. The plan is to include details of materials that will be excavated and their proposed destination or reuse.
- (v) Plans and elevations showing the location, construction and installation of temporary site fencing and any temporary structures used in connection with the construction of the development.

<u>Note</u>: Temporary structures, including hoardings and scaffolding, proposed for erection on City-owned and controlled land (footways and roadways), must comply with Council's *Guidelines for Hoardings and Scaffolding* and be approved by Council under the provisions of the Local Government Act 1993 and the Roads Act 1993 prior to installation.

- (b) Such statements must, where applicable, be in compliance with AS2601-2001 Demolition of Structures, the Work, Health and Safety Act 2011 and Regulation; Council's Guidelines for Waste Management in New Developments 2018, the Waste Avoidance and Resource Recovery Act 2001, and all other relevant acts and regulations and must include provisions for:
 - (i) A Materials Handling Statement for the removal of refuse from the site in accordance with the *Waste Avoidance and Resource Recovery Act* 2001.
 - (ii) The name and address of the company/contractor undertaking demolition/excavation works.
 - (iii) The name and address of the company/contractor undertaking off site remediation/disposal of excavated materials.
 - (iv) The name and address of the transport contractor.
 - (v) The type and quantity of material to be removed from site.
 - (vi) Location and method of waste disposal and recycling.
 - (vii) Proposed truck routes, in accordance with this development consent.
 - (viii) Procedures to be adopted for the prevention of loose or contaminated material, spoil, dust and litter from being deposited onto the public way from trucks and associated equipment and the proposed method of cleaning surrounding roadways from such deposits. (<u>Note</u>: With regard to demolition of buildings, dust emission must be minimised for the full height of the building. A minimum requirement is that perimeter scaffolding, combined with chain wire and shade cloth must be used, together with continuous water spray during the demolition process. Compressed air must not be used to blow dust from the building site).
 - (ix) Measures to control noise emissions from the site.

- (x) Measures to suppress odours.
- (xi) Enclosing and making the site safe.
- (xii) Induction training for on-site personnel.
- (xiii) Written confirmation that an appropriately qualified Occupational Hygiene Consultant has inspected the building/site for asbestos, contamination and other hazardous materials, in accordance with the procedures acceptable to SafeWork NSW.
- (xiv) An Asbestos and Hazardous Materials Clearance Certificate by a person approved by the SafeWork NSW.
- (xv) Disconnection of utilities.
- (xvi) Fire Fighting. (Fire fighting services on site are to be maintained at all times during demolition work. Access to fire services in the street must not be obstructed).
- (xvii) Access and egress. (Demolition and excavation activity must not cause damage to or adversely affect the safe access and egress of the subject building or any adjacent buildings).
- (xviii) Waterproofing of any exposed surfaces of adjoining buildings.
- (xix) Control of water pollution and leachate and cleaning of vehicles tyres (proposals must be in accordance with the *Protection of the Environmental Operations Act 1997*).
- (xx) Working hours, in accordance with this development consent.
- (xxi) Any SafeWork NSW requirements.
- (c) The approved work method statements and a waste management plan as required by this condition must be implemented in full during the period of construction.
- (d) All waste records from the recycling and/or disposal of any demolition and construction waste generated from the works must be retained on site. These records must be available for sighting on request by an authorised Council officer.

To ensure that impacts arising from demolition, excavation and construction are appropriately managed.

(62) DILAPIDATION REPORT

Subject to the receipt of permission of the affected landowner, dilapidation report/s of adjoining buildings are to be prepared by an appropriately qualified practising structural engineer and submitted for the approval of the Registered Certifier prior to the issue of a construction certification.

To ensure that dilapidation reports are prepared and to identify damage to for adjoining/nearby properties resulting from building work on the development site.

(63) EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL - BETWEEN 250 AND 2,500SQM

Prior to the commencement of demolition/excavation/construction work, an Erosion and Sediment Control Plan (ESCP) must be submitted to and be approved by the Principal Certifier. The ESCP must:

- (a) Conform to the specifications and standards contained in Managing Urban Stormwater: Soils and Construction (Landcom, 2004); the Guidelines for Erosion and Sediment Control on Building Sites (City of Sydney, 2004); and the NSW Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997.
- (b) Include a drawing(s) that clearly shows:
 - (i) location of site boundaries and adjoining roads
 - (ii) approximate grades and indications of direction(s) of fall
 - (iii) approximate location of trees and other vegetation, showing items for removal or retention
 - (iv) location of site access, proposed roads and other impervious areas
 - (v) existing and proposed drainage patterns with stormwater discharge points
 - (vi) north point and scale
- (c) Specify how soil conservation measures will be conducted on site including:
 - (i) timing of works
 - (ii) locations of lands where a protective ground cover will, as far as is practicable, be maintained
 - (iii) access protection measures
 - (iv) nature and extent of earthworks, including the amount of any cut and fill
 - (v) where applicable, the diversion of runoff from upslope lands around the disturbed areas
 - (vi) location of all soil and other material stockpiles including topsoil storage, protection and reuse methodology
 - (vii) procedures by which stormwater is to be collected and treated prior to discharge including details of any proposed pollution control device(s)
 - (viii) frequency and nature of any maintenance program
 - (ix) other site-specific soil or water conservation structures.

To ensure that appropriate erosion and sediment control measures are put in place during construction to protect the environment.

(64) SURVEY SET-OUT

All footings, walls and floor slabs adjacent to a boundary must be set out by a registered surveyor. On commencement of brickwork or wall construction a survey and report, prepared by a Registered Surveyor, must be submitted to the Principal Certifier indicating the position of external walls in relation to the boundaries of the allotment. Any encroachments by the subject building over adjoining boundaries or roads must be removed prior to continuation of building construction work.

Reason

To ensure the development does not encroach onto neighbouring properties.

(65) SUPPLY OF ELECTRICITY/PROPOSED SUBSTATION

The developer is to engage Ausgrid's Contestability group with regards to the new proposed substation.

Please visit https://www.ausgrid.com.au/Connections/Need-help-to-plan

(66) PROXIMITY TO EXISTING NETWORK ASSETS – UNDERGROUND CABLES

There are existing underground electricity network assets in Botany Road.

Special care should also be taken to ensure that driveways and any other construction activities within the footpath area do not interfere with the existing cables in the footpath. Ausgrid cannot guarantee the depth of cables due to possible changes in ground levels from previous activities after the cables were installed. Hence it is recommended that the developer locate and record the depth of all known underground services prior to any excavation in the area.

Should ground anchors be required in the vicinity of the underground cables, the anchors must not be installed within 300mm of any cable, and the anchors must not pass over the top of any cable.

Safework Australia – Excavation Code of Practice, and Ausgrid's Network Standard NS156 outlines the minimum requirements for working around Ausgrid's underground cables.

(67) TRANSPORT FOR NSW CONDITIONS

- (a) All buildings and structures (other than pedestrian footpath awnings), together with any improvements integral to the future use of the site are to be wholly within the freehold property unlimited in height or depth along the Botany Road boundary.
- (b) Detailed design plans and hydraulic calculations of any changes to the stormwater drainage system on Botany Road are to be submitted to TfNSW for approval, prior to the commencement of any works. Please send all documentation to development.sydney@transport.nsw.gov.au.

A plan checking fee will be payable, and a performance bond may be required before TfNSW approval is issued.

- (c) A Road Occupancy Licence (ROL) should be obtained from Transport Management Centre for any works that may impact on traffic flows on Botany Road during construction activities. A ROL can be obtained through https://myrta.com/oplinc2/pages/security/oplincLogin.jsf.
- (d) Any proposed public utility adjustment/relocation works on the state road network will require detailed civil design plans for road opening/underboring to be submitted to TfNSW for review and acceptance prior to the commencement of any works. The developer must also obtain any necessary approvals from the various public utility authorities and/or their agents. Please send all documentation to development.sydney@transport.nsw.gov.au.

A plan checking fee will be payable and a performance bond may be required before TfNSW approval is issued.

(e) For the life of the completed development no service vehicles (e.g. garbage trucks, vehicles delivering and/or collecting material for the retail/commercial premises, etc) are permitted to service the site from the Botany Road frontage.

DURING BUILDING WORK

(68) ASBESTOS REMOVAL WORKS

(a) All works removing asbestos containing materials must be carried out by a suitably licensed asbestos removalist duly licensed with Safework NSW, holding either a Friable (Class A) or a Non-Friable (Class B) Asbestos Removal Licence which ever applies.

A copy of the relevant licence must be made available to any authorised Council officer on request within 24 hours.

- (b) Five days prior to the commencement of licensed asbestos removal, Safework NSW must be formally notified of the works. All adjoining properties and those opposite the development must be notified in writing of the dates and times when asbestos removal is to be conducted. The notification must identify the licensed asbestos removal contractor and include a contact person for the site together with telephone number and email address.
- (c) All work must be carried out in accordance with the *Work Health and Safety Regulation 2017* and the NSW Government and SafeWork NSW document entitled *How to manage and control asbestos in the work place: Code of Practice (Safework NSW)* December 2011 and the *City of Sydney Managing Asbestos Policy dated 21 October 2013 and associated guidelines.*

- (d) The asbestos removalist must use signs and barricades to clearly indicate the area where the asbestos removal work is being performed. Signs must be placed in positions so that people are aware of where the asbestos removal work area is and should remain in place until removal is completed and clearance to reoccupy has been granted. Responsibilities for the security and safety of the asbestos removal site and removal must be specified in the asbestos removal control plan (where required). This includes inaccessible areas that are likely to contain asbestos.
- (e) Warning signs must be placed so they inform all people nearby that asbestos removal work is taking place in the area. Signs must be placed at all of the main entry points to the asbestos removal work area where asbestos is present. These signs must be weatherproof, constructed of light-weight material and adequately secured so they remain in prominent locations. The signs must be in accordance with AS 1319 -1994 Safety Signs for the Occupational Environment for size, illumination, location and maintenance.
- (f) Asbestos waste must only be transported and disposed of at an EPA licensed waste facility.
- (g) No asbestos products are to be reused on the site (i.e. packing pieces, spacers, formwork or fill etc).
- (h) No asbestos laden skips or bins are to be left in any public place without the written approval of Council.
- A site notice board must be located at the main entrance to the site in a prominent position and must have minimum dimensions of 841mm x 594mm (A1) with any text on the notice to be a minimum of 30 point type size.

The site notice board must include the following:

- (i) contact person for the site;
- (ii) telephone and facsimile numbers and email address; and
- (iii) site activities and time frames.

Reason

To ensure that the handling and removal of asbestos from the site is appropriately managed.

(69) COMPLIANCE WITH NATIONAL CONSTRUCTION CODE

All proposed work must comply with the National Construction Code (previously known as Building Code of Australia).

Reason

(Prescribed condition - EP&A Regulation 2021 clause 69(1)).

(70) HOURS OF WORK AND NOISE – OUTSIDE CBD

The hours of construction and work on the development must be as follows:

- (a) All work, including building/demolition and excavation work, and activities in the vicinity of the site generating noise associated with preparation for the commencement of work (eg. loading and unloading of goods, transferring of tools etc) in connection with the proposed development must only be carried out between the hours of 7.30am and 5.30pm on Mondays to Fridays, inclusive, and 7.30am and 3.30pm on Saturdays, with safety inspections being permitted at 7.00am on work days, and no work must be carried out on Sundays or public holidays.
- (b) All work, including demolition, excavation and building work must comply with the City of Sydney Code of Practice for Construction Hours/Noise 1992 and Australian Standard 2436 - 2010 Guide to Noise Control on Construction, Maintenance and Demolition Sites.
- (c) Notwithstanding the above, the use of a crane for special operations, including the delivery of materials, hoisting of plant and equipment and erection and dismantling of on-site tower cranes which warrant the on-street use of mobile cranes outside of above hours can occur, subject to a separate application being submitted to and approved by Council under Section 68 of the Local Government Act 1993 and Sections 138/139 of the Roads Act 1993.

Note: Works may be undertaken outside of hours, where it is required to avoid the loss of life, damage to property, to prevent environmental harm and/or to avoid structural damage to the building. Written approval must be given by the Construction Regulation Team, prior to works proceeding.

The City of Sydney Code of Practice for Construction Hours/Noise 1992 allows extended working hours subject to the approval of an application in accordance with the Code and under Section 4.55 of the *Environmental Planning and* Assessment Act 1979.

Reason

To protect the amenity of the surrounding area.

(71) LAND REMEDIATION

The site is to be remediated and validated in accordance with the Remedial Action Plan, 338 Botany Road Alexandria NSW by JBS&G Australia Pty Ltd dated 20 January 2021 referenced 54628/119784, Council Ref: 2024/232406 and Interim Site Audit Advice No. 6: Review of Remedial Action Plan 338 Botany Road, Alexandria, NSW, by NSW Environment Protection Authority accredited Site Auditor Melissa Porter dated 27th January 2021, referenced S16785_LET06_Rev0, Council Ref: 2024/232405. All remediation work carried out shall be conducted in accordance with the guidelines in force from time to time under the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997*.

Any new information which comes to light during remediation, demolition or construction works which has the potential to alter previous conclusions about site contamination must be immediately notified to the Council's Area Planning Manager, the Site Auditor and the Principal Certifier.

Any variations to the approved Remediation Action Plan must be approved in writing by the Site Auditor and Council's Area Planning Manager prior to the commencement of such work.

Reason

To ensure that the site is appropriately remediated.

(72) IMPORTED FILL MATERIALS

All fill imported onto the site must be validated to ensure the imported fill is suitable for the proposed land use from a contamination perspective. Fill imported on to the site shall also be compatible with the existing soil characteristic for site drainage purposes.

The City may require details of appropriate validation of imported fill material to be submitted with any application for future development of the site. Hence all fill imported onto the site should be validated by either one or both of the following methods during remediation works:

- (a) Imported fill must be accompanied by documentation from the supplier which certifies that the material is not contaminated based upon analyses of the material for the known past history of the site where the material is obtained; and/or
- (b) Sampling and analysis of the fill material shall be conducted in accordance with NSW EPA (2022) Sampling Design Guidelines.

Reason

To ensure that imported fill is not contaminated.

(73) CLASSIFICATION OF WASTE

Prior to the exportation of waste (including fill or soil) from the site, the waste materials must be classified in accordance with the provisions of the Protection of the *Environment Operations Act 1997* and the *NSW EPA Waste Classification Guidelines, Part1: Classifying Waste (November 2014).* The classification of the material is essential to determine where the waste may be legally taken. The *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* provides for the commission of an offence for both the waste owner and the transporters if the waste is taken to a place that cannot lawfully be used as a waste facility for a particular class of waste. For the transport and disposal of industrial, hazardous or Group A liquid waste advice should be sought from the EPA.

Reason

To ensure that waste from site is classified and disposed of appropriately.

(74) DISCHARGE OF CONTAMINATED GROUNDWATER

Contaminated groundwater must not be discharged into the City's stormwater drainage system.

Options for the disposal of groundwater include disposal to sewer with prior approval from Sydney Water or off-site disposal by a liquid waste transporter for treatment/disposal to an appropriate waste treatment/processing facility.

Reason

To ensure that the discharge of ground water is appropriately managed.

(75) STOCKPILES

- (a) No stockpiles of soil or other materials must be placed on footpaths or nature strips unless prior approval has been obtained from the City's Construction Regulation Team.
- (b) All stockpiles of soil or other materials must be placed away from drainage lines, gutters or stormwater pits or inlets.
- (c) All stockpiles of soil or other materials likely to generate dust or odours must be covered.
- (d) All stockpiles of contaminated soil must be stored in a secure area and be covered if remaining more than 24 hours.

Reason

To ensure that stockpiles of soil ort other materials are appropriately managed.

(76) STREET TREE PROTECTION

All street trees located directly outside the site must be retained and protected in accordance with the Australian Standard 4970 Protection of Trees on Development Sites. All street trees must be protected during the construction works as follows:

- (a) Tree trunk and major branch protection must be undertaken prior to the commencement of any works (including demolition). The protection must be installed and certified by an arborist with a minimum AQF Level 5 qualification in arboriculture and must include:
 - (i) An adequate clearance, minimum 250mm, must be provided between the structure and tree branches, and trucks at all times.
 - (ii) Tree trunk/s and/or major branches to a height of two metres must be protected by wrapped thick underlay carpet or similar padding material to limit damage, and
 - (iii) Timber planks (50mm x 100mm or similar) must be placed around tree trunk/s. The timber planks must be spaced at 100mm intervals and must be fixed against the trunk with tie wire, or strapping. The thick underlay carpet or similar padding material and timber planks must not be fixed to the tree in any instance, or in any fashion.
 - (iv) Tree trunk and major branch protection is to remain in place for the duration of construction and development works and must be removed at the completion of the project.

- (b) Temporary signs, or any other items, shall not be fixed or attached to any street tree.
- (c) All hoarding support columns are to be placed a minimum of 300mm from the edge of the existing tree pits/setts, so that no sinking or damage occurs to the existing tree pits. Supporting columns must not be placed on any tree roots that are exposed.
- (d) Young street trees must be protected by installing three (3) wooden stakes around the edge of the tree pits or a minimum of 1 metre from the base of the trunk. Hessian must be wrapped around the stakes. If existing stakes or a metal tree guard are already in place, these suffice as tree protection.
- (e) Materials or goods, including site sheds, must not be stored or placed:
 - (i) around or under the tree canopy; or
 - (ii) within two (2) metres of tree trunks or branches of any street trees.
- (f) Any excavation within any area known to or suspected of having tree roots greater than 30mm diameter must be undertaken by hand.
- (g) Any trenching works for services, hydraulics, drainage etc. must not be undertaken within three metres of the trunk of any street tree. Alternate installation methods for services such as directional boring/drilling or redirection of services must be employed where roots greater than 30mm diameter are encountered during installation of any services.
- (h) Existing sections of kerbs adjacent to any street tree must not be removed without approval from the Council's Tree Management Officer.
- (i) Any damage sustained to street tree/s as a result of the erection of any construction activities (including demolition) must be immediately reported to the Council's Tree Management Officer on 9265 9333. Any damage to street trees as a result of any construction activities may result in prosecution under the Local Government Act 1993 and the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979.

To ensure the protection and ongoing health of the street trees.

(77) TREE PRUNING – FURTHER APPROVAL REQUIRED

Consent from Council's Tree Management Officer must be obtained prior to any tree pruning work being undertaken, including tree roots greater than 40mm in diameter, for any trees located within or adjacent to the site. Only minor pruning works will be approved by Council.

Reason

To ensure that pruning works to trees are carried out in an appropriate manner.

(78) PUBLIC DOMAIN WORKS SECURITY BOND

A Public Domain Works Security Bond will be required for the public domain works and for repairing damage that may be caused to the public domain in the vicinity of the site, in accordance with the City of Sydney's adopted fees and charges and the Public Domain Manual.

The City's Public Domain Unit must be contacted to determine the bond amount prior to lodgement. The bond must be lodged with the City prior to an approval being issued for the approval of the Public Domain Plan.

The bond will be retained in full until all public domain works, including rectification of damage to the public domain, are completed to City's standards and approval and the required works-as-executed documentation are approved. On satisfying the above requirements, and the issue of the Public Domain Works Letter of Completion Operational Acceptance by the City, 90% of the bond will be released. The remaining 10% will be retained for the duration of the specified Defects Liability Period.

Reason

To ensure public domain works are completed and any damage to the public domain is rectified.

(79) DRAINAGE AND SERVICE PIT LIDS

All existing or proposed drainage and service pit lids throughout the public domain must be to City of Sydney specifications and heel/bicycle safe, slip resistant, infill with material to match surrounding surface, finished flush with the adjacent pavement to avoid trip hazards and be clear of obstructions for easy opening and cleaning. Infill pit lids are to be detailed where specified by Council's Public Domain Officer. Private pits are not permitted within the public domain. All details of pit lids must be shown on the public domain plan and must be approved by the City's Public Domain Unit prior to the issue of an approval for public domain works.

Reason

To ensure drainage and service pit lids within the public domain are appropriately designed and installed.

(80) PUBLIC DOMAIN PLAN DETAILED DOCUMENTATION FOR CONSTRUCTION

A detailed public domain plan and all relevant documentation must be submitted to and approved by City's Public Domain Unit prior to the construction of any public domain works. This Plan must document all works required to ensure that the public domain upgrade work complies with the City's specifications and requirements, as outlined in documents such as City of Sydney's *Public Domain Manual, Sydney Streets Code, Sydney Street Tree Masterplan, Sydney Lights: Public Domain Design Code and Sydney Streets Technical Specification.* The documentation must be *checked, accurate, and comply with specified requirements.* Plans must be based on an accurate survey, to scale and fully coordinated across all disciplines and submissions. The supplied documentation must be for Construction issue and will be approved under Section 138 of the Roads Act. The Public Domain Manual and all other relevant documents are available for download from Council's website at https://www.cityofsydney.nsw.gov.au/development/public-domain-works/da-associated-works.

The Public Domain Plan documentation must be submitted with an Application for Public Domain Plan Assessment and include the approved Public Domain Levels and Gradients documentation. If the proposed detailed design of the public domain requires changes to any previously approved levels, details must be submitted for approval with the public domain plan and additional fees may apply.

Reason

To ensure the public domain complies with Council's requirements.

(81) HOLD POINTS

A set of hold point inspections will be included in the Public Domain works approval letter for the construction of public domain and / or planning agreement works, including civil, drainage and subsurface works.

These hold point inspections must be adhered to during construction works. Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, confirmation from the City's Public Domain Unit, that hold point inspections have been completed and works have been accepted by the City must be provided to the Principal Certifier.

Reason

To ensure hold points are adhered to during construction works.

(82) STORMWATER DRAINAGE CONNECTION

For approval of a connection into the City of Sydney's drainage system an "Application for Approval of Stormwater Drainage Connections" must be submitted to the City, together with an application fee in accordance with the City of Sydney's adopted Schedule of Fees and Charges. This must be approved prior to approval being issued for the construction of public domain work.

Reason

To ensure approval of connection into the Council's drainage system is sought.

(83) FOOTPATH AWNINGS

Footpath Awnings which are proposed to be constructed above the public domain (including a public footway) must have separate approval(s) obtainable through the lodgement of an application under Section 68 of the Local Government Act 1993 and/or Section 138/139 of the Roads Act 1993 prior to any Construction Certificate for the building.

Documentation must be submitted to the City's Construction and Building Certification Services Unit with the application demonstrating that the awning height complies with Development Control Plan 2012. Plans are to include dimensions confirming the awning width and setback from the kerb. Awning gutters are to be concealed from the public domain and plans are to confirm downpipes are located within or recessed into the ground floor frontage of the building.

Reason

To ensure approval of the awning.

(84) LOADING AND UNLOADING DURING CONSTRUCTION

The following requirements apply:

- (a) All loading and unloading associated with construction activity must be accommodated on site, where possible.
- (b) If, it is not feasible for loading and unloading to take place on site, a Works Zone on the street may be considered by Council.
- (c) A Works Zone may be required if loading and unloading is not possible on site. If a Works Zone is warranted an application must be made to Council at least 8 weeks prior to commencement of work on the site. An approval for a Works Zone may be given for a specific period and certain hours of the days to meet the particular need for the site for such facilities at various stages of construction. The approval will be reviewed periodically for any adjustment necessitated by the progress of the construction activities.
- (d) Where hoisting activity over the public place is proposed to be undertaken including hoisting from a Works Zone, a separate application under Section 68 of the Local Government Act 1993 and Sections 138/139 of the Roads Act 1993 must be submitted to and approved by Council.

Reason

To protect the amenity of the public domain.

(85) NO OBSTRUCTION OF PUBLIC WAY

Unless otherwise approved by Council, the public way must not be obstructed by any materials, vehicles, waste receptacles, skip-bins or the like. Non-compliance with this requirement may result in the issue of a notice by Council to stop all work on the site.

Reason

To protect the amenity of the public domain.

(86) ACCESS DRIVEWAYS TO BE CONSTRUCTED

Approved driveways are to be constructed for all vehicular access to the construction site in accordance with the requirements of Council's "Driveway Specifications" to the satisfaction of Council.

To allow adequate vehicular access to the site.

(87) USE OF MOBILE CRANES

The following requirements apply:

- (a) Mobile cranes operating from the road must not be used as a method of demolishing or constructing a building.
- (b) For special operations including the delivery of materials, hoisting of plant and equipment and erection and dismantling of on site tower cranes which warrant the on-street use of mobile cranes, permits must be obtained from Council for the use of a mobile crane. The permits must be obtained 48 hours beforehand for partial road closures which, in the opinion of Council will create minimal traffic disruptions and 4 weeks beforehand in the case of full road closures and partial road closures which, in the opinion of Council, will create significant traffic disruptions.
- (c) The use of a crane for special operations, including the delivery of materials, hoisting of plant and equipment and erection and dismantling of on site tower cranes which warrant the on-street use of mobile cranes outside of approved hours of construction can occur, subject to a separate application being submitted to and approved by Council under Section 68 of the Local Government Act 1993 and Sections 138/139 of the Roads Act 1993.

Reason

To ensure mobile cranes are used appropriately.

(88) COVERING OF LOADS

All vehicles involved in the excavation and/or demolition process and departing the property with demolition materials, spoil or loose matter must have their loads fully covered before entering the public roadway.

Reason

To ensure loads are managed appropriately and do not impact local amenity.

(89) VEHICLE CLEANSING

Prior to the commencement of work, suitable measures are to be implemented to ensure that sediment and other materials are not tracked onto the roadway by vehicles leaving the site. It is an offence to allow, permit or cause materials to pollute or be placed in a position from which they may pollute waters.

Reason

To ensure sediment is not tracked onto the roadway.

(90) SYDNEY WATER CERTIFICATE

A Section 73 Compliance Certificate under the Sydney Water Act 1994 must be obtained from Sydney Water Corporation.

Application must be made through an authorised Water Servicing Coordinator. Please refer to the Building Developing and Plumbing section on the web site www.sydneywater.com.au then refer to "Water Servicing Coordinator" under "Developing Your Land" or telephone 13 20 92 for assistance.

Following application a "Notice of Requirements" will advise of water and sewer infrastructure to be built and charges to be paid. Please make early contact with the Coordinator, since building of water/sewer infrastructure can be time consuming and may impact on other services and building, driveway or landscape design.

The Section 73 Certificate must be submitted to Council or the Principal Certifier prior to any Occupation Certificate or subdivision/strata certificate being issued.

Reason

To ensure the requirements of Sydney Water are met.

BEFORE ISSUE OF AN OCCUPATION CERTIFICATE

(91) WASTE AND RECYCLING COLLECTION CONTRACT - COMMERCIAL

Prior to the issue of an **Occupation Certificate** or commencement of the use, whichever is earlier, the building owner/tenant is to enter into a contract with a licensed waste service provider for the removal of all waste and recycling stream(s) associated with the non-residential tenancies. A copy of the commercial waste and recycling contract and invoices are to be made available upon request by an authorised Council officer at any time.

Reason

To ensure arrangements are in place to manage commercial waste without reliance on public place or residential waste bins.

(92) WASTE AND RECYCLING MANAGEMENT – RESIDENTIAL

- (a) Prior to the issue of an Occupation Certificate, Council's review and written approval of the as-built waste infrastructure, facilities, and vehicle access is required. The City Cleansing & Resource Recovery Unit of Council must be satisfied that:
 - (i) All waste management facilities, storage, and collection infrastructure comply with the stamped plans, approved Operational Waste Management Plan and Council's *Guidelines for Waste Management in New Developments*, the City of Sydney's DCP, and the developments Conditions of Consent.
 - (ii) All waste rooms, corridors, doors, and gates to be accessed by Councils collection contractor(s) are to be fitted and accessible via Council's master key system. Specifications of locks, barrels, and supporting infrastructure are to be submitted to Council's City Cleansing & Resource Recovery Unit.

- (iii) All waste room roller doors to be automated and self closing and accessed by Council's master key system.
- (b) Site inspections are to be conducted by Council's City Cleansing & Resource Recovery Unit to review the site on-site waste collection, storage and loading bay infrastructure prior to the issue of an **Occupation Certificate**. The inspections are to be conducted a minimum 6-months prior to projects anticipated construction completion. Prior to the inspection an electronic copy of the latest architectural plans are to be submitted.
- (c) An updated Operational Waste Management Plan is to be submitted to Council's City Cleansing & Resource Recovery Unit that aligns with the latest version of architectural plans and waste related updates identified during the site inspections. The plan is to be reviewed by Council's City Cleansing & Resource Recovery Unit and approved by Council's Area Planning Manager prior to the issue of an **Occupation Certificate**.
- (d) The developer is to enter into a formal agreement with the City of Sydney Council for the utilisation of Councils Waste Collection Service. A signed agreement is to be submitted to Council's City Cleansing & Resource Recovery unit prior to the issue of an Occupation Certificate.
- (e) The assigned strata manager for the development and direct contact details are to be provided to Council's City Cleansing & Resource Recovery Unit prior to the issue of an **Occupation Certificate**.

To ensure that facilities and arrangements are in place to enable the provision of a safe and efficient waste collection service responsive to Council's policies and contractual service provisions.

(93) WASTE AND RECYCLING MANAGEMENT - COMMERCIAL

Prior to the issue of an **Occupation Certificate**, the Principal Certifier is to ensure all commercial waste management, collection, loading and supporting infrastructure is provided in accordance with the stamped plans, approved Operational Waste Management Plan and specifications approved at the Construction Certificate.

Reason

To ensure all on-site infrastructure has been provided to support scheduled collections responsive to the Council endorsed OWMP and requirements of the Guidelines for waste management in new developments 2018.

(94) COMPLIANCE WITH HAZARDOUS MATERIALS SURVEY REPORT

All of the recommendations for management and/or removal of hazardous materials on the site, as outlined in the Hazardous Materials Survey Report, as approved must be complied with.

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, certification must be submitted to the Principal Certifier from a certified Occupational Hygienist (*Australia Institute of Occupational Hygienists*) confirming that all hazardous materials identified have been contained, managed or removed in accordance with the recommendations given in the approved Hazardous Materials Survey Report and that the site is safe for future occupation in accordance with the approved use.

Reason

To ensure that hazardous materials on the site are appropriately managed.

(95) PUBLIC DOMAIN WORKS COMPLETION

The Public Domain works are to be constructed in accordance with the Public Domain Works Approval letter, stamped plans for Public Domain Levels and Gradients, Stormwater, Public Domain Lighting, the City's *Public Domain Manual,* Stormwater *Drainage Manual, Sydney Lights Design Code* and *Sydney Streets Technical Specification.*

The public domain work must be inspected and a Public Domain Work Letter of Completion Operational Acceptance must be issued by Council's Public Domain Officer prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate or before the commencement of use, whichever is earlier.

Reason

To ensure the public domain works are completed in accordance with the approved documents and Council's requirements.

(96) PUBLIC DOMAIN COMPLETION – WORK AS EXECUTED DOCUMENTATION

Prior to a Public Domain Works Letter of Completion Operational Acceptance being issued for public domain works, works-as-executed (As-Built) plans and documentation, must be submitted to and accepted by the City of Sydney for all public domain works, including where required Stormwater, Public Domain Lighting and road construction. These works must be certified by a suitably qualified, independent professional. Details of the documentation required for approval will be advised by the City's Public Domain Unit.

Reason

To ensure Council receives works-as-executed documentation for public domain works.

(97) STORMWATER COMPLETION DEED OF AGREEMENT AND POSITIVE COVENANT

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate:

- (a) The Owner is required to enter into a Deed of Agreement (Stormwater Deed) with the City of Sydney and obtain registration of Title of a Positive Covenant for all proposed connections to the City's underground drainage system. The deed and positive covenant will contain terms reasonably required by the City and will be drafted by the City's Legal Services Unit at the cost of the applicant, in accordance with the City's Fees and Charges.
- (b) A Positive Covenant must be registered on the property title for all drainage systems involving On-Site Detention (OSD) to ensure maintenance of the approved OSD system regardless of the method of connection. The positive covenant will contain terms reasonably required by the City and will be drafted by the City's solicitor at the cost of the applicant, in accordance with the City's Fees and Charges.

To protect underground drainage system.

(98) SURVEY INFRASTRUCTURE – PRE-SUBDIVISION CERTIFICATE WORKS

- (a) Pursuant to Section 38 of the Surveying and Spatial Information Act 2002, if it is likely that any new survey mark will be disturbed by associated works (for example, footpath or kerb and gutter construction), a surveyor may defer the placement of those marks.
- (b) Prior to any the issue of any Subdivision Certificate, documentary evidence in accordance with Section B11 – Survey Infrastructure of the Technical Specification must be prepared by a Registered Surveyor and submitted to and approved by the City. This evidence must include:
 - A copy of any Surveyor-General's Approval for Deferment of Survey Marks granted by NSW Spatial Services for the subject site, including all documentation submitted as part of that application (for example the draft deposited plan) or
 - (ii) A certificate of Practical Completion obtained from the City's Public Domain team, together with a letter, signed by a current NSW Registered Land Surveyor and including his or her Board of Surveying and Spatial Information (BOSSI) identification number, stating that all survey marks shown on their Deposited Plan remain at the date of practical completion.

Reason

To allow for deferment of survey marks.

(99) SURVEY INFRASTRUCTURE – RESTORATION

(a) Prior to any Occupation Certificate being issued for the development, documentary evidence of restoration must be prepared by a Registered Surveyor and submitted to and approved by Council's Area Planning Manager / Coordinator. This evidence must include:

- Certification that all requirements requested under the Surveyor-General's Approval for Survey Mark Removal or by the City's Principal Surveyor under condition "Survey Infrastructure – Identification and Recovery" have been complied with;
- (ii) Certification that all requirements requested under any Surveyor-General's Approval for Deferment of Survey Marks from condition "Survey Infrastructure – Pre Subdivision Certificate works" have been complied with and;
- (iii) Time-stamped photographic records of all new survey infrastructure relating to the site clearly showing the mark itself and sufficient context to aid in identifying the mark on site.

To ensure all requirements for survey mark removal are complied with.

(100) CONSTRUCTED FLOOR LEVELS

A certification report prepared by a suitably qualified practitioner engineer (NPER) must be submitted to the Principal Certifier prior to issue of any Occupation certificate stating that the development has been constructed and the required levels achieved in accordance with the recommendations of the report titled Site Flood Assessment for Development Application prepared by WMA dated 31 January 2024.

Reason

To ensure the development achieves the required floor levels.

(101) PHYSICAL MODELS

(a) Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate an accurate 1:500 scale model of the development as constructed must be submitted to and approved by Council's Area Coordinator Planning Assessments/Area Planning Manager for the City Model in Town Hall House.

Note:

- (i) The models must be constructed in accordance with the Model Specifications available online at <u>http://www.cityofsydney.nsw.gov.au/development/application-guide/application-process/model-requirements</u> Council's modellers must be consulted prior to construction of the model.
- (ii) The models are to comply with all of the conditions of the Development Consent.
- (iii) The models must be amended to reflect any further modifications to the approval (under Section 4.55 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act*) that affect the external appearance of the building.

To ensure the provision of an appropriate physical model of the development.

(102) SUBMISSION OF ELECTRONIC CAD MODELS PRIOR TO OCCUPATION CERTIFICATE

- (a) Prior to any Occupation Certificate being issued, an accurate 1:1 electronic CAD model of the completed development must be submitted to and approved by Council's Area Coordinator Planning Assessments/Area Planning Manager for the electronic Visualisation City Model.
- (b) The data required to be submitted within the surveyed location must include and identify:
 - (i) building design above and below ground in accordance with the development consent;
 - (ii) all underground services and utilities, underground structures and basements, known archaeological structures and artefacts;
 - (iii) a current two points on the site boundary clearly marked to show their Northing and Easting MGA (Map Grid of Australia) coordinates, which must be based on Established Marks registered in the Department of Lands and Property Information's SCIMS Database with a Horizontal Position Equal to or better than Class C.

The data is to be submitted as a DGN or DWG file on a Compact Disc. All modelling is to be referenced to the Map Grid of Australia (MGA) spatially located in the Initial Data Extraction file.

(c) The electronic model must be constructed in accordance with the City's 3D CAD electronic model specification. The specification is available online at <u>http://www.cityofsydney.nsw.gov.au/development/application-guide/application-process/model-requirements</u> Council's Modelling staff should be consulted prior to creation of the model. The data is to comply with all of the conditions of the Development Consent.

Reason

To ensure the provision of an appropriate electronic model of the development.

(103) SURVEY CERTIFICATE AT COMPLETION

A Survey Certificate prepared by a Registered Surveyor must be submitted to the Principal Certifier at the completion of the building work certifying the location of the building in relation to the boundaries of the allotment.

Reason

To ensure the development does not encroach onto neighbouring properties.

OCCUPATION AND ONGOING USE

(104) OCCUPATION CERTIFICATE TO BE SUBMITTED

An Occupation Certificate must be obtained from the Principal Certifier and a copy submitted to Council prior to commencement of occupation or use of the whole or any part of a new building, an altered portion of, or an extension to an existing building.

Reason

To ensure the site is authorised for occupation.

(105) NOISE – STRUCTURE BORNE IMPACT ON SEPARATE RESIDENTIAL PREMISE

- (a) Structure borne noise emanating from the premises is not to exceed the following criterion when measured within any separate residential accommodation:
 - (i) $L_{A1, Slow 15 minute} \leq L_{A90, 15 minute} dB(A)$.

Reason

To protect the acoustic amenity of surrounding properties.

(106) NOISE - ENTERTAINMENT

- (a) The L_{Aeq, 15} minute noise level from the use must not exceed the background noise level (L_{A90, 15}minute) in any octave band (reference frequency 31.5 Hz to 8 kHz inclusive) by more than 5dB between 7.00am and 12.00 midnight when assessed at the boundary of any residential accommodation or tourist and visitor accommodation.
- (b) The $L_{Aeq, 15 \text{ minute}}$ noise level from the use must not exceed the background noise level ($L_{A90, 15 \text{ minute}}$) in any octave band (reference frequency 31.5 Hz to 8 kHz inclusive) between 12.00 midnight and 7.00am when assessed at the boundary of any residential accommodation or tourist and visitor accommodation.
- (c) Notwithstanding (a) above, the L_{Aeq, 15 minute} noise level from the use must not exceed the greater of the following levels between 7am and 12 midnight inside any habitable room of a residential accommodation or tourist and visitor accommodation, or at any time in an affected commercial premises:
 - The existing internal L_{A90, 15 minute} (from external sources excluding the use) in any octave band (reference frequency 31.5 Hz to 8 kHz inclusive). Or,
 - (ii) If the L_{Z90, 15 minute} background level is below the hearing threshold curve (Tf - Table 1 of ISO 226 : 2003) in an above octave band, the lowest audible sound level (Lp) of the Tf curve in that octave band shall become that octave's L_{Zeq 15 minute} noise criteria level.

- (d) Notwithstanding (b) above, the L_{A1 15 minute} noise level from the use must not exceed the greater of the following sound pressure levels inside any habitable room between 12 midnight and 7am inside any habitable room of an affected residential accommodation or tourist and visitor accommodation:
 - The existing internal L_{A90, 15 minute} (from external sources excluding the use) minus 10 dB in any octave band (reference frequency 31.5 Hz to 8 kHz inclusive) inside a habitable room of an affected residential accommodation or tourist and visitor accommodation. Or,
 - (ii) If the L_{Z90, 15 minute} minus 10 dB level is below the hearing threshold curve (Tf - Table 1 of ISO 226 : 2003) in an above octave band, the lowest audible sound level (Lp) of the Tf curve in that octave band shall become that octave's L_{Z1 15 minute} noise criteria level.

Note: L_{eq} , L_{01} , and L_{90} , metrics and 'A' (weightings) are as per the definitions in the standard AS1055-20148. 'Z' means unweighted noise. An internal L_{A90} level must be determined in the absence of noise emitted by the use and be sufficiently representative of the receiver in a low noise level quiet state. External L_{A90} levels for planning must be established as per the long-term methodology in Fact Sheet B of the NPfl unless otherwise agreed by the City's Area Planning Manager.

Reason

To protect the acoustic amenity of surrounding properties.

(107) NOISE – COMMERCIAL PLANT / INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT

- (a) Noise from commercial plant and industrial development must not exceed a project amenity/intrusiveness noise level or maximum noise level in accordance with relevant requirements of the NSW EPA <u>Noise Policy for</u> <u>Industry 2017 (NPfl)</u> unless agreed to by the City's Area Planning Manager. Further:
 - (i) Background noise monitoring must be carried out in accordance with the long-term methodology in *Fact Sheet B* of the NPfI unless otherwise agreed by the City's Area Planning Manager.
 - (ii) Commercial plant is limited to heating, ventilation, air conditioning, refrigeration and energy generation equipment.
- (b) An L_{Aeq,15 minute} (noise level) emitted from the development must not exceed the L_{A90, 15 minute} (background noise level) by more than 3dB when assessed inside any habitable room of any affected residence or noise sensitive commercial premises at any time. Further:
 - (i) The noise level and the background noise level must both be measured with all external doors and windows of the affected residence closed.
 - (ii) Background noise measurements must not include noise from the development but may include noise from necessary ventilation at the affected premises.

(c) Corrections in <u>Fact Sheet C</u> of the NPfI are applicable to relevant noise from the development measured in accordance with this condition, however duration corrections are excluded from commercial noise.

Reason

To protect the acoustic amenity of surrounding properties.

(108) ON SITE LOADING AREAS AND OPERATION

All loading and unloading operations associated with servicing the site must be carried out within the confines of the site, at all times and must not obstruct other properties/units or the public way.

At all times the service vehicle docks, car parking spaces and access driveways must be kept clear of goods and must not be used for storage purposes, including garbage storage.

Reason

To maintain the orderly operation of vehicle parking areas and to ensure the public domain is kept free from physical obstructions.

(109) TRANSPORT ACCESS GUIDE

A Transport Access Guide must be implemented and maintained by the operators of the premises and be made available to staff, clients, customers and visitors at all times.

The following information shall be submitted to and approved by Council's Area Planning Manager prior to the issue of an Occupation Certificate for the site/use:

- (a) A Transport Access Guide detailing sustainable transport options to access the site including public transport, cycling and walking or a combination of these modes.
- (b) Communication methods by which the Transport Access Guide will be made available to staff, clients, customers and visitors.

Reason

To ensure that sustainable transport options are considered and communicated effectively.

(110) LOADING DOCK MANAGEMENT PLAN

A Loading Dock Management Plan is to be prepared for distribution to relevant tenants outlining how the loading dock will be managed and used by all relevant tenants. The Plan must include, but is not limited to,

(a) management of deliveries to ensure vehicles are not waiting on public streets to enter the site.

- (b) unimpeded access shall be provided for collection vehicles to set down within 10 meters of waste storage area(s) between 6am and 6pm on collection day(s) or until all scheduled residential waste collections have been completed for the day.
- (c) address any safety concerns related to residents entering or exiting the site while a service vehicle is parked in the loading bay.

The plan is to be prepared and submitted to and approved by Council's Area Planning Manager prior to issue of an Occupation Certificate.

Once approved, this management plan is to be provided to all relevant tenants and external users of the loading area.

Reason

To ensure that the loading dock is appropriately managed.

(111) SCHEDULED COLLECTIONS – COMMERCIAL

- (a) Commercial waste collection arrangement(s) are to be conducted in accordance with the approved Operational Waste Management Plan, Council's *Guidelines for Waste Management in New Developments*, the City of Sydney's DCP, the developments Conditions of Consent and Local Approvals Policy for *Managing Waste in Public Places*.
- (b) In accordance with the approved waste management plan, waste and recycling stream(s) bins must not be placed on the street for collection. The waste contractor must wheel the bins from the waste storage area of the property to the waste collection vehicle upon arrival and return them to the waste storage area following collection. Unimpeded access must be provided to the waste and recycling storage area(s) at all times.
- (c) Unobstructed access is to be provided for waste collection vehicles to set down within 10m of the waste storage and collection area(s) during zone collection times on collection days.

Reason

To minimise the impacts on amenity and safety caused by the presentation and collection of commercial waste.

(112) ONGOING WASTE MANAGEMENT – COMMERCIAL

- (a) The ongoing use of development/tenancy must be in accordance with the approved Operational Waste Management Plan, Council's *Guidelines for Waste Management in New Developments*, the City of Sydney's DCP, and the developments Conditions of Consent.
- (b) All general waste and recycling materials emanating from the premises must be stored in the designated waste storage area(s), must not be stored outside the premises (including the public domain) at any time.

- (c) All waste and recycling stream(s) storage area(s) are to only be used for the purposes of storing waste and recycling from the premises in accordance with the original consent and approved Operational Waste Management Plan and not be converted to a different use.
- (d) Scheduled collections and waste management arrangements of the development/tenancy is the responsibility of the business owner or property manager and are to be conducted in accordance with the stamped plans, approved Operational Waste Management Plan and this consent. These arrangements include:
 - (i) arranging an adequate number of bins and the servicing regime matched to the needs of the premises.
 - (ii) actively managing waste streams and supporting infrastructure to ensure bins are not overflowing, damaged or leaking and lids are fully closed at all times.
 - (iii) routine cleaning and maintenance of waste storage area(s) to inhibit the permeation of odour and prevent litter and pests.
 - (iv) the installation and maintenance of all education signage for the respective waste stream(s) as requested by the City of Sydney.
- (e) Contracts (or agreements) with cleaners, building managers and tenants must clearly outline the waste management and collection arrangements, identifying clear roles and responsibilities outlined within the approved Operational Waste Management Plan.

To promote good waste management arrangements and minimise the impacts on amenity and safety caused by the presentation and collection of commercial waste.

(113) ONGOING WASTE MANAGEMENT – RESIDENTIAL

- (a) The ongoing use of development must be in accordance with the approved Operational Waste Management Plan, Council's *Guidelines for Waste Management in New Developments*, the City of Sydney's DCP, and the developments Conditions of Consent.
- (b) All general waste and recycling stream(s) materials emanating from the premises must be stored in the designated waste storage area(s) integrated within the built form and must not be stored outside the premises (including any public place) at any time.
- (c) The property manager is responsible for lodging requests for damaged/broken bins, managing the rotation of bins, ensuring the full allocation of relevant bins are available for scheduled collections, management of odour and the routine cleaning and maintenance of all waste storage areas.

- (d) Contracts (or agreements) with cleaners, building managers and tenants must clearly outline the waste management and collection arrangements, identifying clear roles and responsibilities outlined within the approved Operational Waste Management Plan.
- (e) The property manager is responsible for the installation and maintenance of all education signage for the respective waste stream(s) as requested by the City of Sydney Council responsive to the approved Operational Waste Management plan.
- (f) Commercial waste and recycling stream(s) and supporting infrastructure to be stored in a separate lockable, enclosed, and walled area free from the residential waste and recycling stream(s) rooms. The residential rooms to have relevant locks to inhibit commercial tenants access to Councils residential waste streams.

To support the safe and efficient scheduled Council waste collection service and ensure the impacts of waste management on the public domain and public health are minimised.

(114) SCHEDULED COLLECTIONS - RESIDENTIAL

- (a) Scheduled collections and waste management arrangements of Council's residential waste stream(s) is to be conducted in accordance with the stamped plans, approved Operational Waste Management Plan, the developments Conditions of Consent and the City's Local Approvals Policy Managing Waste in Public Spaces.
- (b) Council's Domestic Waste Charge is applied to all residential rate accommodation properties in accordance with section 496 of the *Local Government Act 1993*. Residential accommodation is defined in accordance with the *Sydney Local Environmental Plan 2012* dictionary.
- (c) Unobstructed access to be provided for Councils standard waste collection vehicles to access the waste collection day(s) to support the provision of a safe and efficient waste collection service to the site.

Reason

To support the safe and efficient scheduled residential waste collection service and minimise the impacts on public amenity and safety.

(115) MAINTENANCE OF TREES ON SITE

- (a) Tree maintenance must be implemented and complied with immediately following the tree planting, and until the tree reaches the required minimum height limit of six metres in height and five metres canopy width.
- (b) The newly planted tree on site must be appropriately maintained on an ongoing basis.

- (c) Maintenance includes watering, weeding, removal of rubbish from tree bases, pruning (in accordance with AS4373-2007), fertilizing, pest and disease control and any other operations required to maintain a healthy robust tree.
- (d) If the newly planted tree fails to establish or does not reach a height of six metres and canopy width of five metres it must be replaced with a tree of comparable qualities and container size of 200 litres.
- (e) The conditions of this consent will apply to all replacement trees, including the maintenance and reporting which re-starts at each replanting event.

To ensure the ongoing maintenance of trees planted on the site.

(116) DEFECTS LIABILITY PERIOD – PUBLIC DOMAIN WORKS

All works to the City's public domain, including rectification of identified defects, are subject to a 6 month defects liability period from the date of Completion. The date of Completion will be nominated by Council on the Public Domain Works – Letter of Completion Operational Acceptance.

Reason

To ensure all works to the City's public domain are protected under a liability period.

(117) ENCROACHMENTS – PUBLIC WAY

No portion of the proposed structure, including gates and doors during opening and closing operations, shall encroach upon Council's footpath area.

Reason

To protect the public way.

(118) ENCROACHMENTS - NEIGHBOURING PROPERTIES

No portion of the proposed structure shall encroach onto the adjoining properties.

Reason

To protect neighbouring properties.

(119) AWNING MAINTENANCE

The awning must be inspected and regular maintenance be carried out to ensure the awning's structural integrity, aesthetic and functional qualities are maintained.

Reason

To ensure that awnings are appropriately maintained.

(120) UNDER AWNING LIGHTING

Under awning lighting must be fitted with LED lighting technology (or other technology with an improved lighting power density – watts per square metre). Batten type fluorescent lighting is not approved. Illumination from the under awning lighting, when measured from any place in the public domain, must be designed and certified to comply with the following:

- (a) the maximum horizontal luminance level must not exceed 200 lux including light spill from shop windows;
- (b) the horizontal illuminance uniformity ratio (Eavg/Emin) must not exceed 4:1 to ensure safe movement of pedestrians;
- (c) the intensity, colour, period of intermittency and hours of illumination must be varied if adverse impact or Obtrusive Light in accordance with the definition in Australian Standard AS4282-1997 *Control of the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting* is being caused to the amenity of the area;
- (d) where nearby residents are located above the level of the under awning lighting, details are to be provided to show that light is not directed upwards toward such residences.

Reason

To ensure the provision of an appropriate level of illumination and to protect the amenity of the public domain.